

Fitting Instructions Undermount

Notes prior to installation:

The position of your sink will be determined by the relationship of the sink rim to cabinet gables, supports and tap location.

This sink must be inspected for damage prior to installation.

Carron Phoenix accepts no liability for damage to the worksurface or sink unit during installation.

You will need:

Fitting clips (included)

Electric saw with jigsaw fitment

Router

Screwdriver

Translucent Silicone

Masking tape (optional)

Pencil

Adhesive

I 2mm Plywood

Clamp or stick the template supplied on top of the worktop in the desired position. Trace the edge of the template.



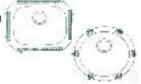
- Remove the inside section using an electric saw, router depending on your work surface. If you are using a CNC router then you can access the DXF file from www.carron.com.
 - Finish the edge of the cut-out area with the desired router bit.
- 3 Lay the sink onto the back of the worksurface and draw around the edge of the sink rim with a pencil ensuring it is concentric to the cut out area.



Drill appropriate holes for your selected insert (not supplied). Space the holes evenly around the pencil line so that there are 2 holes for each side of the sink. Fix the inserts into the worktop with appropriate adhesive and allow to cure before continuing.



Cut 12mm plywood into 20mm wide strips (lengths are dictated by sink rim dimensions. Assemble clip leg and machine screw to the tee-nut. Swing clip leg clear of cut out.



6 Clean mating area of sink rim and worktop with a solvent to remove any excess dust or grease. Apply a continous bead of translucent silicon to the sink rim.



- Position the sink within the clip legs and lay the backing strips in position around the sink rim to distribute the clamping action. Swing clip legs and hand tighten the screws.
- Re-align the sink to the work surface cut out if necessary. Tighten all screws taking care not to overtighten and stress the worksurface material. Use a non-abrasive cloth and solvent to remove any excess silicone that has been squeezed out beyond the cut out edge.

 Apply silicone to the thread of the screws and the clip legs to avoid loosening with any vibration.



Cleaning Instructions Stainless Steel Inset

Day to day care of your stainless steel sink:

Care must be taken when cleaning your sink or indeed in it's every day use.

Never use a wire wool pad such as Brillo® to clean your sink. It will create tiny scratches and will also shed small pieces of mild steel that later rust and give the appearance that your sink is rusting. This is not the case and once adhered to your sink, it's very difficult to remove the small particles that can be left.

Instead, clean regularly with normal detergent and warm water. Always make a habit of drying your sink afterwards and buffing with a soft cloth. Long-term this will help develop a lovely rich patina and it will ensure that no build up of limescale or other mineral deposits can occur.

If scouring is required, always use a Scotchbrite® pad and try to scour in the same direction as the natural grain on the sink's surface.

Minor scratching of the sink's surface is extremely difficult to avoid and is not something to be unduly concerned about. The drainer area in particular is likely to pick up scratches due to hard objects being placed upon it. These marks are usually only superficial and can be removed with a proprietary stainless steel cleaner. A useful alternative is a car paint restorer such as T-Cut.

The quality of your water can affect the good looks of your sink by giving the appearance of staining. This 'staining' is generally a build up of limescale or similar mineral deposit, particularly prevalent in hard water areas. Limescale readily absorbs staining agents such as tea, coffee, red wine etc, spoiling the appearance of your sink. For this reason always rinse and dry your sink after each use to avoid mineral deposits being left behind on the surface when the water evaporates.

To remove any limescale that has built up on your sink try using products such as Viakal® or Limelite®. Alternatively, soak in a solution of one part vinegar to three parts water. This will loosen the limescale making it possible to then scrub it away with a Scotchbrite® pad and kitchen sink cleaner.

Take care to avoid

Using a plastic washing up bowl. Particles of grit or glass could become embedded in the base of the plastic bowl and these will scratch your sink. Bleach or other cleaning agents containing bleach should not be left in contact with stainless steel as discolouration or pitting of the steel could result. Harsh abrasives and scouring materials should not be used for cleaning stainless steel as they will leave scratch marks on the surface.



Your proof of purchase validates your sink's lifetime guarantee against manufacturing defect.